

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

**Trade name**

L19007 - UV-A1 thinner

**Product no.**

L19007

**REACH registration number**

Not applicable

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture**

Thinner for UV clear coat for autobody use

**Uses advised against**

-

The full text of any mentioned and identified use categories are given in section 16

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Company and address**

HBC System Smarttool Production ApS

Hobrovej 961-963

9530 Støvring

Denmark

tel:+45 70 22 70 70

**Contact person**

Vibeke Jørgensen

**E-mail**

info@hbc-system.com

**SDS date**

2016-05-27

**SDS Version**

2.0

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Use your national or local emergency number

See section 4 "First aid measures"

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 2; H225

Eye Irrit. 2; H319

STOT SE 3; H336

See full text of H-phrases in section 2.2.

### 2.2. Label elements

**Hazard pictogram(s)**



**Signal word**

Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. (H225)  
 Causes serious eye irritation. (H319)  
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (H336)

	General	-
	Prevention	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. (P210). Wear eye protection. (P280).
Safety statement(s)	Response	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. (P337+P313). In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam/carbonic acid/powder/water mist/carbon dioxide/dry sand to extinguish. (P370+P378).
	Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. (P403+P235).
	Disposal	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant. (P501).

### Identity of the substances primarily responsible for the major health hazards

ethyl acetate

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product contains an organic solvent. Repeated exposure to organic solvents can result in damage to the nervous system and inner organs, such as the liver and kidneys.

### Additional labelling

-

### Additional warnings

-

### VOC

-

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1/3.2. Substances/Mixtures

NAME: ethyl acetate  
 IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CAS-no: 141-78-6 EC-no: 205-500-4 REACH-no: 01-2119475103-46 Index-no: 607-022-00-5  
 CONTENT: 95-100%  
 CLP CLASSIFICATION: Flam. Liq. 2, STOT SE 3, Eye Irrit. 2  
 H225, H319, H336, EUH066  
 NOTE: S

NAME: acetone propan-2-one propanone  
 IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CAS-no: 67-64-1 EC-no: 200-662-2 REACH-no: 01-2119471330-49 Index-no: 606-001-00-8  
 CONTENT: 1-3%  
 CLP CLASSIFICATION: Flam. Liq. 2, STOT SE 3, Eye Irrit. 2  
 H225, H319, H336, EUH066  
 NOTE: S

(\*) See full text of H-phrases in chapter 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

S = Organic solvent

### Other informations

ATEmix(oral) > 2000  
 Eye Cat. 2 Sum = Sum(Ci/S(G)CLi) = 8 - 0

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor, if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms continue. Never give an unconscious person water or similar.

#### Inhalation

Get the injured person into fresh air. Make sure there is always someone with the injured person. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. If the person stops breathing, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, roll the injured person onto side with the top leg bent at both knee and hip.

Call an ambulance.

#### **Skin contact**

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes at once. Skin that has come in contact with the material must be washed thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

#### **Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with water (20-30°C) for at least 15 minutes. Call a doctor.

#### **Ingestion**

Give the person plenty to drink and stay with the person. If the person feels unwell, contact a doctor immediately and take this safety data sheet or the label from the product with you. Do not induce vomiting unless recommended by the doctor. Hold head facing down so that no vomit runs back into the mouth and throat.

#### **Burns**

Rinse with water until the pain stops and continue for 30 minutes.

#### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Neurotoxic effect: This product contains organic solvents, which can have an effect on the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity can be: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, whistling in the ears, tingling sensations in the skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer. The skin will then be more prone to absorb dangerous substances, e.g. allergens.  
Irritation effects: This product contains substances which cause irritation to skin and eyes, or when inhaled. Contact with locally irritative substances can cause the area of contact to be more prone to absorb damaging substances such as allergens.

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Information to medics**

Bring this safety data sheet.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbonic acid, powder, water mist. Water jets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, as in the case of fire, dangerous catabolic substances are produced. These are: Carbon oxides. Fire will result in thick black smoke. Exposure to catabolic products can damage your health. Fire fighters should use proper protection gear. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not let fire-extinguishing water run into sewers and other water courses.

#### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Avoid inhalation of vapours from waste material. Stores that have not ignited must be cooled by water mist. Where possible, remove flammable materials. Make sure there is sufficient ventilation.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

No specific requirements.

#### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Use sand, sawdust, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth to contain and collect non-combustible absorbent materials and place in container for disposal, according to local regulations. Cleaning should be done as far as possible using normal cleaning agents. Solvents should be avoided.

#### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

See section on "Disposal considerations" with regard to the handling of waste. See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for protective measures.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for information on personal protection.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always store in containers of the same material as the original. Must be stored in a cool and ventilated area, away from possible sources of combustion.

### Storage temperature

No data available.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications described in Section 1.2

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

### OEL

acetone propan-2-one propanone (EH40/2005)  
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 500 ppm | 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 1500 ppm | 3620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

ethyl acetate (EH40/2005)  
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 200 ppm | - mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 400 ppm | - mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DNEL / PNEC

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 734 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Exposure: Inhalation  
Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 1468 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Exposure: Inhalation  
Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 4,5 mg/kg  
Exposure: Oral  
Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 734 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Exposure: Inhalation  
Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - Workers

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 367 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Exposure: Inhalation  
Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - General population

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 1468 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Exposure: Inhalation  
Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - Workers

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 734 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Exposure: Inhalation  
Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - General population

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 63 mg/kg  
Exposure: Dermal  
Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 37 mg/kg  
Exposure: Dermal  
Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 734 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Exposure: Inhalation  
Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( ethyl acetate ): 367 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Exposure: Inhalation  
Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population  
DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 186 mg/kg  
Exposure: Dermal  
Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 62 mg/kg  
Exposure: Dermal

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH)

Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 2420 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 62 mg/kg

Exposure: Oral

Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

PNEC ( ethyl acetate ): 0,26 mg/L

Exposure: Freshwater

PNEC ( ethyl acetate ): 0,026 mg/L

Exposure: Marine water

PNEC ( ethyl acetate ): 1,65 mg/L

Exposure: Intermittent release

PNEC ( ethyl acetate ): 1,25 mg/kg

Exposure: Freshwater sediment

PNEC ( ethyl acetate ): 0,125 mg/kg

Exposure: Marine water sediment

PNEC ( ethyl acetate ): 0,24 mg/kg

Exposure: Soil

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 21 mg/L

Exposure: Intermittent release

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 30,4 mg/kg

Exposure: Freshwater sediment

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 3,04 mg/kg

Exposure: Marine water sediment

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 33,3 mg/kg

Exposure: Soil

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 10,6 mg/kg

Exposure: Freshwater

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 1,06 mg/kg

Exposure: Marine water

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the stated exposure limits values should be checked on a regular basis.

### General recommendations

Observe general occupational hygiene.

### Exposure scenarios

If there is an appendix to this safety data sheet, the indicated exposure scenarios must be complied.

### Exposure limits

Trade users are covered by the rules of the working environment legislation on maximum concentrations for exposure. See work hygiene threshold values below.

### Appropriate technical measures

Airborne gas and dust concentrations must be kept as low as possible and below the current threshold values (see below). Use for example an exhaust system if the normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient. Make sure that eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked.

### Hygiene measures

Whenever you take a break in using this product and when you have finished using it, all exposed areas of the body must be washed. Always wash hands, forearms and face.

**Measures to avoid environmental exposure**

No specific requirements.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**



**Generally**

Use only CE marked protective equipment.

**Respiratory Equipment**

Recommended: AX. Brown

**Skin protection**

Special work clothing should be used.

**Hand protection**

Use protective gloves. The concrete work situation is not known. Contact the suppliers of the gloves for help on the glove type. Please note that elastic gloves stretch when used. The thickness of the gloves, and therefore their penetration time, will be reduced. Moreover, the temperature of the glove in use is about 35°C, while the standard test, EN 374-3, is done at 23°C. The penetration time is therefore reduced by a factor of 3.

**Eye protection**

Use safety glasses with a side shield.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	Colour	Odour	pH	Viscosity	Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )
Liquid	Colourless	Characteristic	-	-	0,9

**Phase changes**

Melting point (°C)	Boiling point (°C)	Vapour pressure (mm Hg)
-	56	180

**Data on fire and explosion hazards**

Flashpoint (°C)	Ignition (°C)	Self ignition (°C)
-3	-	427

Explosion limits (Vol %)	Oxidizing properties
2,2 - 11,5	-

**Solubility**

Solubility in water	n-octanol/water coefficient
Soluble	-

**9.2. Other information**

Solubility in fat	Additional information
-	N/A

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

No data available

**10.2. Chemical stability**

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in the section on "Handling and storage".

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No special

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Avoid static electricity. Do not expose to heat (e.g. sunlight), because it can lead to excess pressure.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reductants agents.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Substance	Species	Test	Route of exposure	Result
acetone propan-2-one propan...	Rabbit	LD50		> 20 ml/kg
acetone propan-2-one propan...	Rat	LD50		5500 mg/kg
acetone propan-2-one propan...	Rat	LD50	Oral	5800 mg/kg
acetone propan-2-one propan...	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	21,09 ppm/8H
ethyl acetate	Rabbit	LD50	Oral	4935 mg/kg
ethyl acetate	Rat	LD50	Oral	11,3 g/kg
ethyl acetate	Guinea pig	LD50	Intraperitoneal	709 mg/kg
ethyl acetate	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	1600 mg/L

### Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available.

### Carcinogenicity

No data available.

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available.

### STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

### Aspiration hazard

No data available.

### Long term effects

Neurotoxic effect: This product contains organic solvents, which can have an effect on the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity can be: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, whistling in the ears, tingling sensations in the skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer. The skin will then be more prone to absorb dangerous substances, e.g. allergens.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances which cause irritation to skin and eyes, or when inhaled. Contact with locally irritative substances can cause the area of contact to be more prone to absorb damaging substances such as allergens.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Substance	Species	Test	Test duration	Result
acetone propan-2-one propan...	Algae	EC50	120 H	14444 mg/L
acetone propan-2-one propan...	Crustacean	LC50	48 H	7550 mg/L
acetone propan-2-one propan...	Daphnia	EC50	48 H	13500 mg/L
ethyl acetate	Algae	EC50	48 H	330000 ug/L
ethyl acetate	Daphnia	LC50	48 H	560000 ug/L
ethyl acetate	Fish	LC50	96 H	425300 ug/L

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substance	Biodegradability	Test	Result
acetone propan-2-one propan...	Yes	No data available	No data available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substance	Potential bioaccumulation	LogPow	BFC
acetone propan-2-one propan...	No	-0,24	No data available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

acetone propan-2-one propan...: Log Koc= -0,111656, Calculated from LogPow ().

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No special

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

The product is covered by the regulations on dangerous waste.

#### Waste

EWC code

-

#### Specific labelling

-

#### Contaminated packing

Packaging which contains leftovers from the product must be disposed of in the same way as the product.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

This product is covered by the conventions on dangerous goods.

### 14.1 – 14.4

#### ADR/RID

14.1. UN number	1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	PAINT
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3,2
14.4. Packing group	II
Notes	LQ v. 5L(indre) og 30 Kg (ydre)
Tunnel restriction code	-

#### IMDG

UN-no.	1263
Proper Shipping Name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Class	3
PG*	II
EmS	F-E, S-D
MP**	No
Hazardous constituent	Ethyl Acetate

#### IATA/ICAO

UN-no.	1263
Proper Shipping Name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Class	3
PG*	II

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

-

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

-

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available

(\*) Packing group

(\*\*) Marine pollutant

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Restrictions for application

People under the age of 18 must not be exposed to this product cf. Council Directive 94/33/EC.

#### Demands for specific education

-

#### Additional information



### Sources

Council Directive 94/33/EC of 22 June 1994 on the protection of young people at work.  
EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).  
EC regulation 1907/2006 (REACH).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

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### Other symbols mentioned in section 2

-

### Other

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.  
The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.  
A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version)) is marked with a blue triangle.

### The safety data sheet is validated by

kbb

### Date of last essential change (First cipher in SDS version)

2016-01-28

### Date of last minor change (Last cipher in SDS version)

2016-01-28